



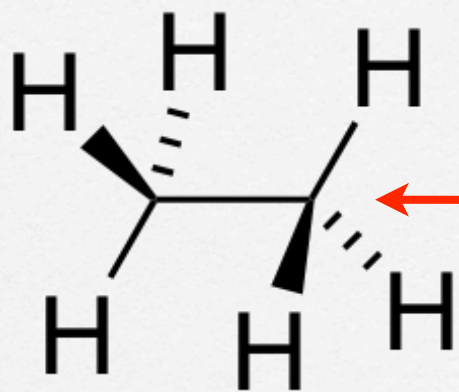
Acyclic Alkane Conformers

UCI Chem 51A
Dr. Link

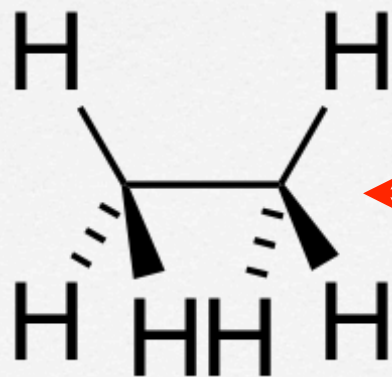
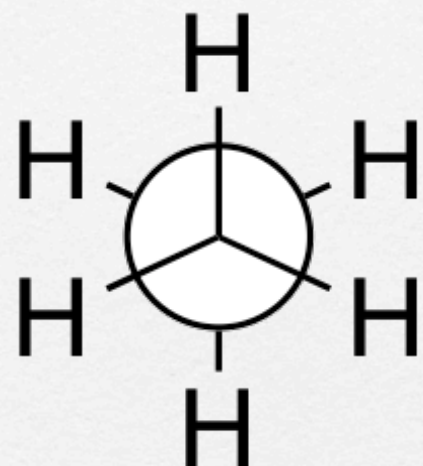
Goals

- After this lesson you should be able to
 - Identify the types of strain present in different conformers of an acyclic molecule
 - Estimate the quantity of strain present in a particular conformer
 - Qualitatively compare the relative energies of different conformers
 - Draw Newman projections for acyclic molecules

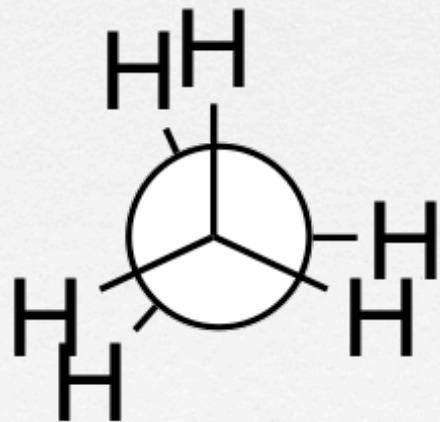
Ethane 3D



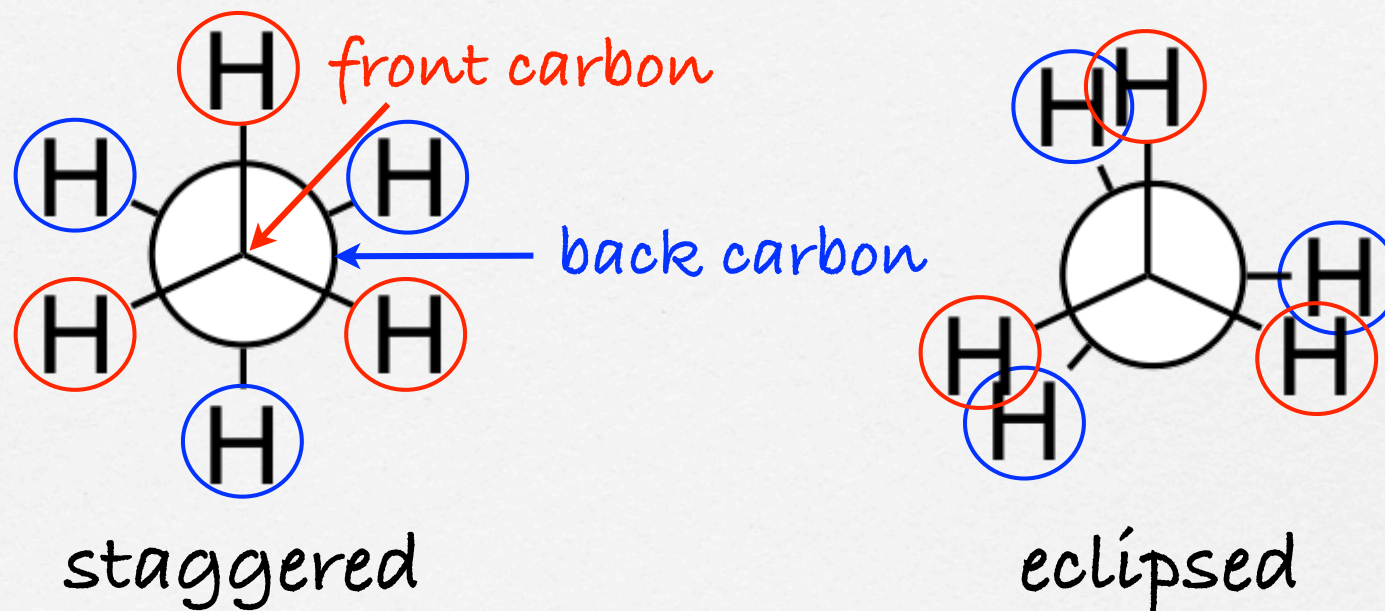
Look here!



Look here!



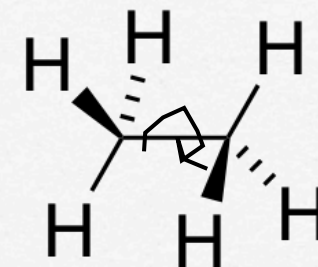
Newman Projections



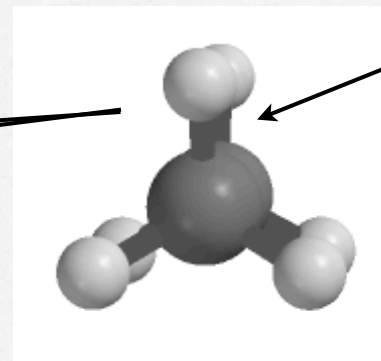
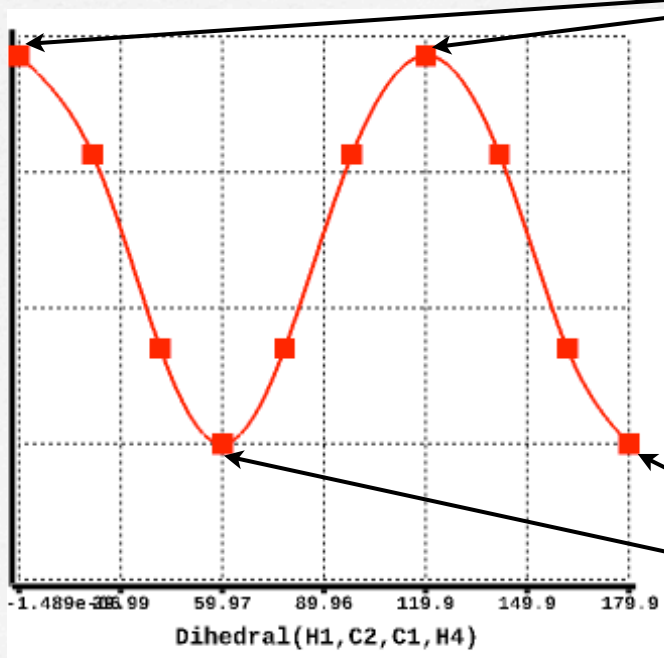
How to Draw A Newman Projection

- 1. Choose a bond to look down
- 2. Identify front and back atoms
 - Front = dot
 - Back = circle
- 3. Draw in bonds as shown (Bonds to front atom should cross over circle of back atom.)
- 4. Add atoms to bonds
- **use models to start! Draw EXACTLY what you see!

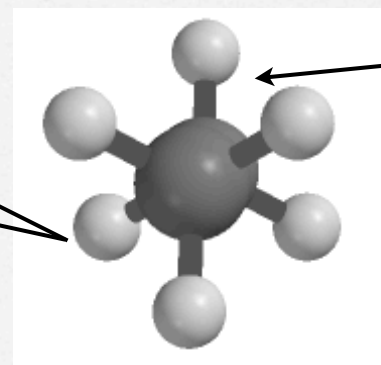
Back to Ethane



□ Rotation around bonds!



dihedral angle
0°, 120°, etc.

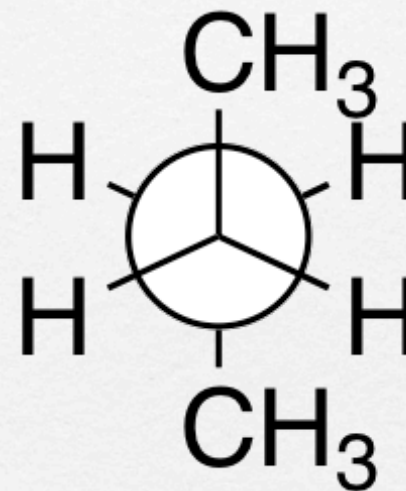
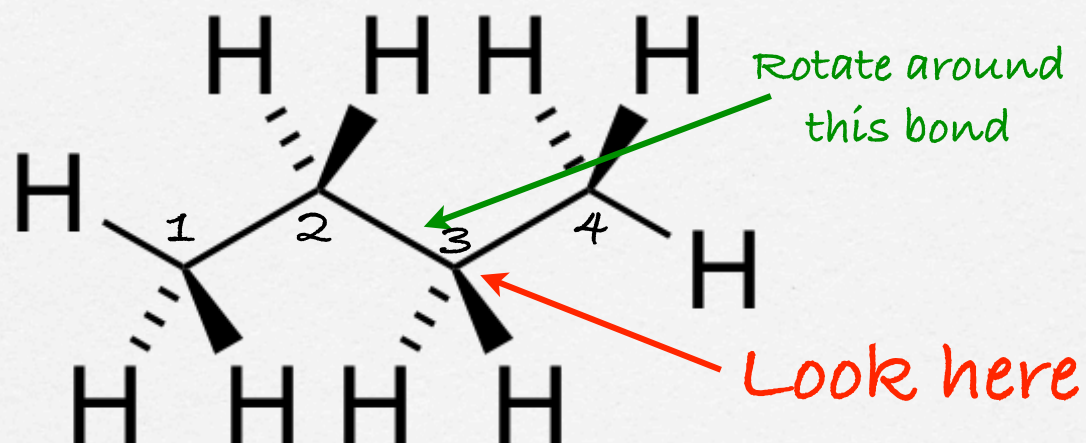


dihedral angle
60°, 180°, etc.

Types of Strain

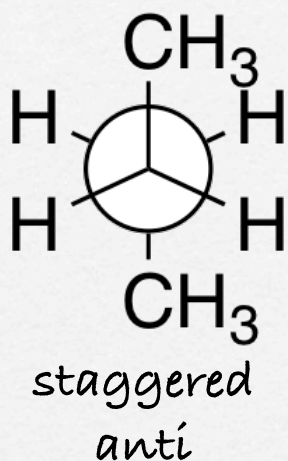
- angle strain: increase in energy when angles deviate from optimum angle
- torsional strain: increase in energy caused by eclipsing interactions
- (one more soon!)

Butane 3D



What other conformers can we draw?

Back to Newman Projections



rotate
→
60°

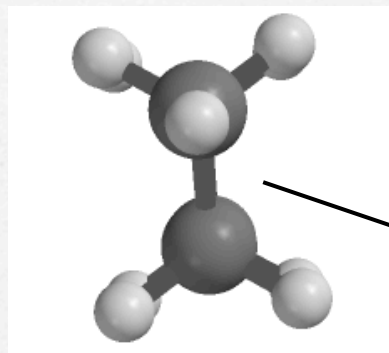
rotate
→
60°

rotate
→
60°

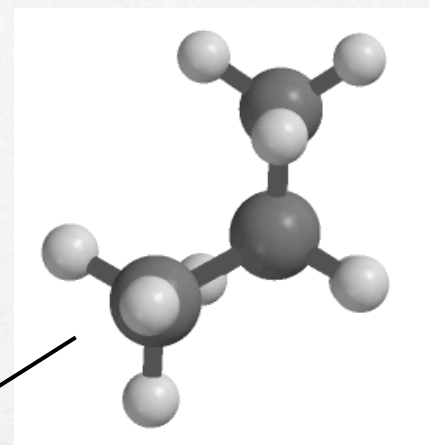
rotate
→
60°

and
so on...
→

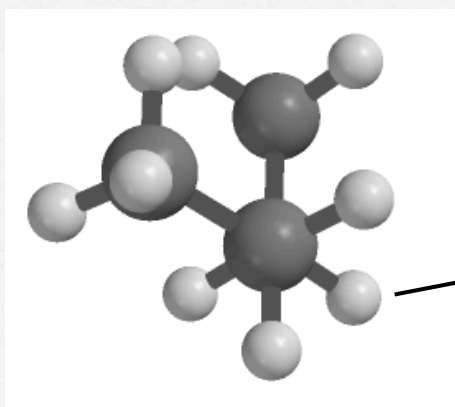
Energy Profile



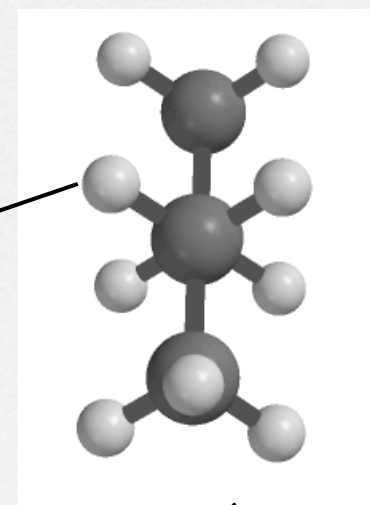
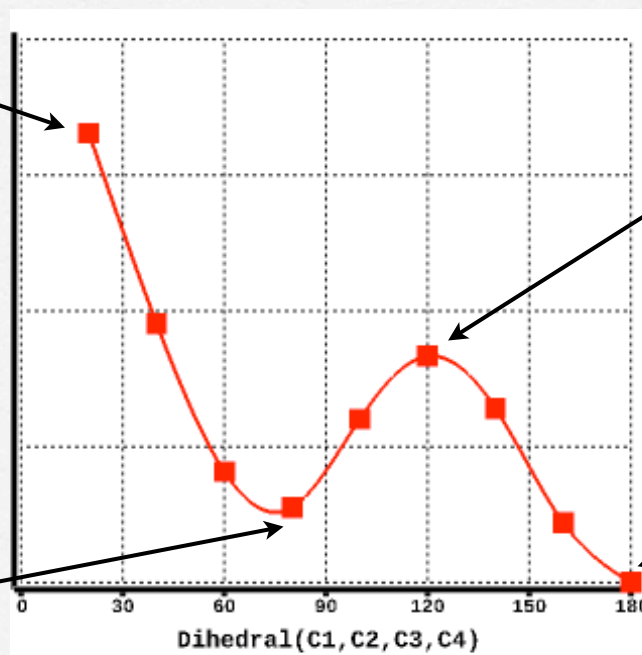
$\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_3$
eclipsed



$\text{CH}_3\text{-H}$
eclipsed



gauche



anti

Energy Costs

Eclipsing

Interaction	Energy Cost
Eclipsing H-H	
Eclipsing CH ₃ -H	
Eclipsing CH ₃ -CH ₃	

Gauche

Interaction	Energy Cost
Gauche H-H	0 kcal/mol
Gauche CH ₃ -H	0 kcal/mol
Gauche CH ₃ -CH ₃	

- When comparing conformers, look for the differences in interactions rather than all interactions!

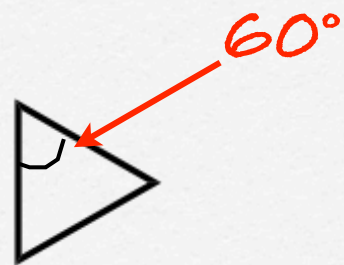
*relative energies. Gauche H-H set as zero

Types of Strain

- angle strain: increase in energy when angles deviate from optimum angle
- torsional strain: increase in energy caused by eclipsing interactions
- steric strain: increase in energy caused when atoms are brought too close to each other

Strain Visuals

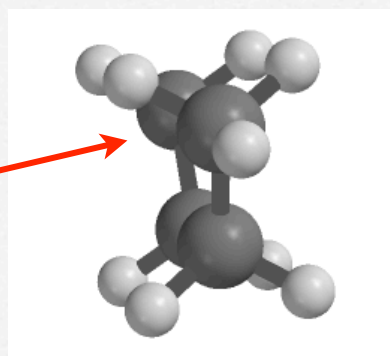
Angle Strain



$60^\circ < 109.5^\circ$
Costs energy!

Torsional Strain

eclipsing
interaction
 e^- densities line up, repel



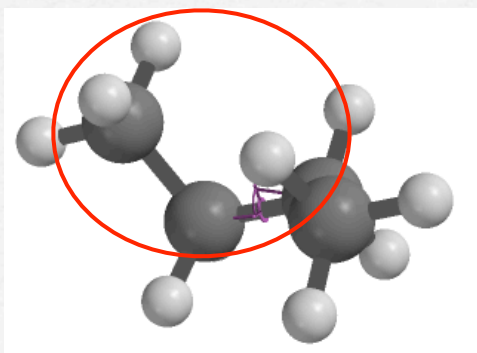
Costs energy!

Strain Visuals: Steric Strain

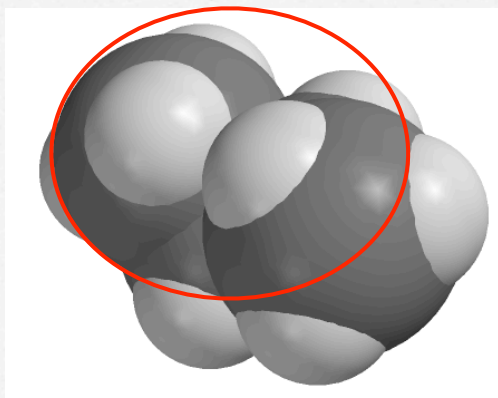
Steric Strain

hydrogens on
 CH_3 's trying to
occupy same space

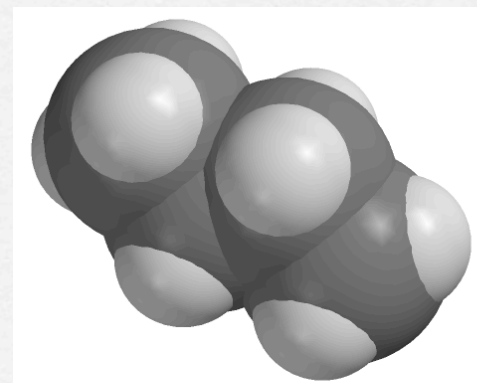
CH_3 's pointing
away from each
other



gauche conformer



gauche conformer



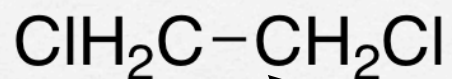
anti conformer

So What Does Butane REALLY Look Like?

- Anti?
- Gauche?
- Eclipsed?
- ALL OF THE ABOVE! Bonds rotate!
 - At 20 °C, ~70% anti, ~30% gauche, <1% eclipsed (total)
- Physical properties observed are a combination of the properties of different conformers.

Conformer Practice

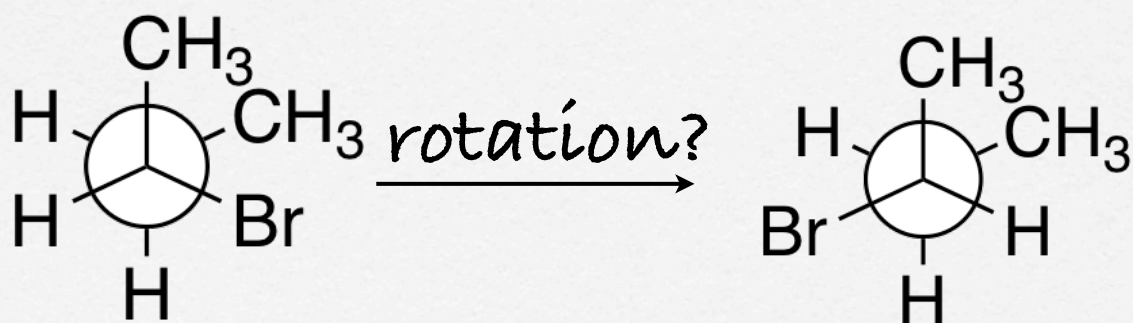
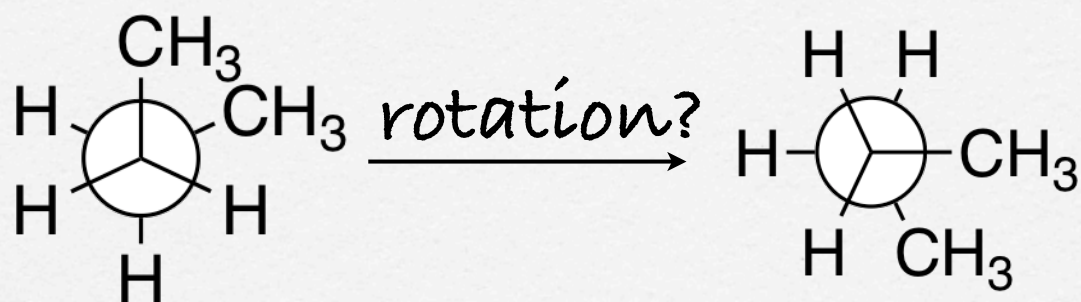
- What would be the highest and lowest energy conformers for 1,2-dichloroethane?



↙ look down C-C bond

*No wedges or dashes drawn,
so choose for yourself.

Common Newman Projection Mistakes



Wrapping Up

- Practice converting between skeletal structures and Newman projections
- Practice rotating in Newman projections
- Practice ranking conformers of a molecule by relative energies
- Practice recognizing types of strain present in each conformer