Properties of Stereoisomers

UCI Chem 51A Dr. Link

Goals

- * After this lesson you should be able to:
 - * Calculate specific rotation
 - * Identify a racemic mixture
 - * Calculate enantiomeric excess
 - * Calculate ratios of enantiomers in a mixture
 - * Explain differences in chemical properties of enantiomers

Stereoisomer Review

- * Enantiomers: mirror images, not superimposable, all stereocenters inverted
- * Diastereomers: not mirror images, not superimposable, some (but not all) stereocenters inverted

Physical Properties

Diastereomers
different MPs
different BPs
different polarities*

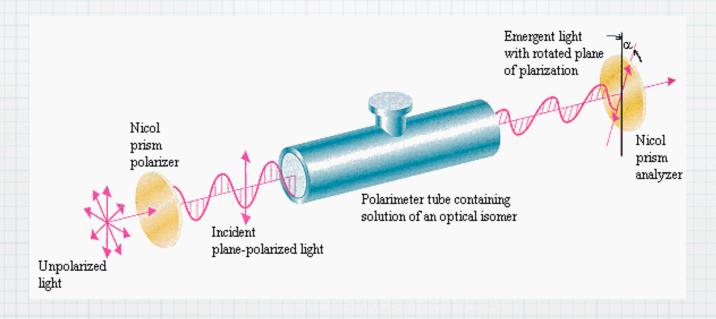
Can be separated by various physical means.

Enantiomers
same MPs
same BPs
same polarities
different optical
rotation!

Can only be separated by special techniques.

Optical Rotation

* Rotation of plane-polarized light



Enantiomeric Excess

- * Enantiomers rotate plane-polarized light in opposite directions (+ & -).
- * racemic mixture: equal amounts of both enantiomers, no optical rotation observed
- * What if the quantities are not equal?

Specific Rotation

- * specific rotation: optical rotation observed under specific conditions
 - * 1.0 dm tube length
 - * 1 g/mL concentration
 - * 589 nm light wavelength (rarely changes)

Calculating specific rotation

R/S vs (+)/(-)

$$[a] = \frac{a}{|x|}$$

Calculating %EE

$$% = \frac{\text{Lal}_{obs}}{\text{Lal}_{std}} \times 100$$

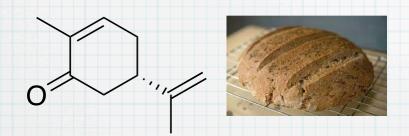
Also...

Ree = Renantiomer A - Renantiomer B How much of each enantiomer do we have?

Totals (-) (+)

Why Po Enantiomers Natter?

* Smell!



(S)-carvone



(R)-carvone

* Biological systems!

HO HO liver toxin!

Some Optical Rotation Resources

- * How molecule rotate plane-polarized light: http://physics.unl.edu/~tgay/content/ OA2.html
- * Visuals of polarized light and rotation: http://dl.clackamas.cc.or.us/ch106-07/optical.htm
- * Video of optical rotation: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HuHphmJw-fA

Wrapping Up

- * Practice working with specific rotation equation
- * Practice calculating Zee
- * Practice determining quantities of each enantiomer present