

### Quiz 4

No calculator, textbook or note allowed. Write your name and ID number on the front of the quiz. **Show all your work for full credit.**

1. (10 Points) Consider the following Dirichlet problem for diffusion equation,

$$\begin{cases} u_t = u_{xx}, & \text{in } \{0 \leq x \leq 2, 0 \leq t \leq \infty\} \\ u(0, t) = u(2, t) = 0, \\ u(x, 0) = (2 - x)x. \end{cases}$$

Prove that, if  $u(x, t)$  solves the Dirichlet problem, then  $\tilde{u}(x, t) = u(2 - x, t)$  solves it as well.

Pf:

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{u}_x &= -u_x, & \tilde{u}_t &= u_t. \\ \tilde{u}_{xx} &= u_{xx}, \\ \tilde{u}(0, t) &= u(2, t) = 0, \\ \tilde{u}(2, t) &= u(0, t) = 0, \\ \tilde{u}(x, 0) &= (2 - (2 - x)) \cdot (2 - x) \\ &= (2 - x) \cdot x \end{aligned}$$

Hence,  $\tilde{u}$  solves

$$\begin{cases} u_t = u_{xx} \\ u(0, t) = u(2, t) = 0 \\ u(x, 0) = (2 - x)x. \end{cases}$$

